

LEADERS AS MENTORS: HOW TARGETED MENTORING RETAINS TALENT FOR THE LONG TERM

Financial incentives alone have long ceased to be enough to retain employees. Anyone who wants to keep talent must enable development. Targeted mentoring by experienced leaders offers a powerful lever to achieve this.

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In today's working world, companies face the challenge of attracting, developing and retaining the best talent over the long term. Talent is in demand, while loyalty towards employers can no longer be taken for granted. Financial incentives alone have long ceased to be enough to bind employees permanently. Soft factors such as appreciation, development prospects and a culture of continuous learning are becoming ever more important. This is precisely where mentoring comes in: when experienced leaders act as mentors, they can nurture talent in a targeted way, pass on knowledge and build a bond with the company.

Mentoring as a strategic instrument for talent retention

Mentoring programmes are more than just a «nice-to-have» of personnel development. They represent a strategic tool for nurturing talent in a targeted way and keeping it within the company. Through regular exchange, advice and feedback, mentors support the professional and personal development of the mentee. For companies, the strategic value lies in passing knowledge and values on to the next generation while at the same time strengthening the commitment of high performers to the company.

Benefits for companies: A well-designed mentoring programme can reduce turnover and preserve the know-how that already exists within the firm. When experienced employees pass their knowledge on to colleagues, valuable experiential knowledge stays within the company instead of being lost when staff leave. At the same time, mentoring fosters a culture of knowledge sharing and cross-functional collaboration. This increases the company's overall ability to use knowledge internally and to master change with agility.

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EFFECTIVE MENTORING NEEDS A FRAMEWORK AND CLEAR ARRANGEMENTS.

Alexander Zinser

Benefits for employees: For mentees too – often junior staff or high potentials – mentoring programmes offer valuable added benefit. They gain orientation and learn from the experience of their mentors, which leads to professional and personal development. Beyond that, they experience appreciation and personal support, which raises motivation and satisfaction.

Success factors of mentoring

For mentoring to unfold its full effect, a few success factors should be observed:

Careful selection: The selection of mentoring pairs is decisive. Mentors should not only possess expertise and experience but also the ability to convey knowledge clearly and to listen with empathy. A suitable match is equally important: the goals and personalities of the mentor and the mentee should harmonise. Genuine motivation and a willingness to invest time are basic prerequisites for success.

- **Clear structure:** Effective mentoring needs a framework and clear arrangements. Regular meetings – for example on a monthly cycle – and defined channels of communication create commitment. Support from HR can also help: for instance, by having the HR department offer an official programme with a kick-off meeting, information material and contacts for questions.
- **Goal orientation:** Mentoring should not be an end in itself but should point to concrete development goals. At the start of the mentoring relationship, mentors and mentees should

The five pillars of effective mentoring by leaders

01

Leadership and trust

02

Knowledge transfer and expertise

03

Development and career advancement

04

Structure and commitment

05

Culture and collaboration

gather to define goals together: which professional competencies are to be built up? What career prospects is the mentee aiming for? A goal-oriented approach keeps mentoring on a clear thread. Progress can be reflected on at regular intervals. When both sides have a clear view of what is to be achieved, the collaboration is more focused and measurably more successful.

The role of leaders as mentors

Leaders contribute a decisive part to the success of a mentoring programme. As a mentor, they consciously take on an additional role alongside purely functional or disciplinary leadership. This responsibility means that they actively help shape the development of their employees. A leader who engages as a mentor sends a strong signal: they invest time and knowledge in employees and thereby show appreciation. This commitment has a direct effect on employee retention. Talent feels seen and supported, which markedly increases its attachment to the company.

A basic prerequisite for successful mentoring is trust. Mentors and mentees should be able to maintain open communication, free from fear of hierarchy or career calculation. The leader in the mentor role must consciously create a space in which the mentee can speak openly about questions, goals or even difficulties. Confidential conversations and active listening form the basis of this relationship. This is also where it becomes clear that mentoring goes beyond day-to-day business: it is about personal feedback, honest advice and working out solutions together.

The long-term effect of mentoring on employee retention

Mentoring often only unfolds its effect over a longer period. Employees with a mentor usually show higher motivation and greater engagement. They have a person of trust who believes in their development and supports them through challenges. This leads to performance incentives and strengthened loyalty: those who sense that their employer is investing in them have less reason to leave the company. Mentoring thus acts like a binding agent that strengthens emotional attachment and reduces turnover.

Mentoring also clearly influences career development and satisfaction. Individual career paths become visible, next steps are deliberately planned and suitable projects are arranged. Mentees recognise how they can develop further internally. This is a central factor for the satisfaction of employees who expect continuous feedback and development. A leader who acts as a coach binds high potentials more strongly to the company.

For mentoring to work in the long term, it should be firmly anchored in the corporate culture. Ideally it becomes a lived practice: high potentials are paired with experienced mentors, leaders see development as part of their remit, and knowledge transfer becomes a matter of course. Companies benefit twice over: a learning culture emerges, and succession planning succeeds more smoothly.



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Knowledge holders pass on their know-how, potential successors grow into their roles step by step, and internal appointments become easier.

Closing thoughts

Mentoring is an extremely effective instrument for linking employee retention and development. Especially in knowledge-intensive areas such as HR or legal departments, it becomes clear that targeted mentoring leads to performance incentives, higher satisfaction and strengthened loyalty. At the same time, succession planning is made easier. Ultimately, however, it is the leaders themselves who make the difference: when they act as mentors and role models, a culture of development and trust emerges. This is the fertile ground for long-term talent retention. Companies that invest in their employees in this way secure not only committed and competent teams but also a decisive competitive advantage in the battle for the best minds.

Planned systematically, mentoring becomes a powerful lever for talent development, retention and succession planning.

Roadmap for a successful mentoring programme

Phase 1: Analysis and foundations

- Needs assessment (teams, talent, HR)
- Selection of suitable mentors
- Develop a matching concept
- Kick-off & guidelines (expectations, confidentiality)

Phase 2: Structure and positioning

- Goal agreements for tandems
- Training for mentors
- Internal communication strategy
- Define documentation and feedback processes

Phase 3: Implementation and development

- Monthly mentoring sessions
- Accompanying HR support
- Peer learning / mentoring circles
- Experience reports & visibility

Phase 4: Evaluation and consolidation

- KPI review (engagement, retention, satisfaction etc.)
- Qualitative feedback loops
- Optimisation & scaling
- Roadmap 2.0 (succession planning, reverse mentoring)

Analysis and foundations

Structure and positioning

Implementation and development

Evaluation and consolidation